

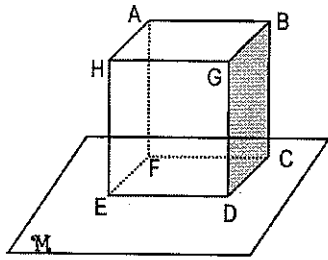
Geometry Notes

1.1 Points, Lines, and Planes Notes

Name Key

	Definition/ Description	Example	Named by:
Point	*has no <u>Size / dimension</u> *represented by a <u>dot</u>		A capital letter •A •B •C
Collinear points	points that lie on the same line		
Noncollinear Points	points that do not lie on the same line		
Line	*has one <u>dimension</u> *no <u>thickness</u> *extends without <u>end</u>		A lower case cursive letter OR 2 points on the line
Plane	*flat surface that <u>extends infinitely in all directions</u> → has no depth *formed by <u>3 noncollinear pts.</u>		A capital cursive letter M OR 3 noncollinear pts on the plane plane ABC
Coplanar Points	points that lie on the same plane		*the plane does not have to be drawn!
Noncoplanar Points	points that do not lie on the same plane		*think of E as a point on the floor + plane ABC as your desk top
Line Segment	*part of a <u>line</u> *made up of: 2 endpoints + all of the points on the line between them		2 endpoints + a bar above them \overline{AB} \overline{BC} \overline{AC}
Ray	*has <u>1</u> endpoint and <u>extends</u> infinitely in <u>1</u> direction		the endpoint 1st! + then a point in the direction the ray is going \overrightarrow{AB} \overrightarrow{AC}
Opposite Rays	*2 collinear rays with the same <u>endpoint</u> This endpoint is <u>between</u> the 2 other points.	\overrightarrow{AC} + \overrightarrow{AB} *Not \overrightarrow{CA} + \overrightarrow{BA} (overlap)	* 2 opposite rays form a line!

Practice Problems:



1. Name 3 noncoplanar points.	not possible
2. Name four lines.	\overleftrightarrow{AB} \overleftrightarrow{BC} \overleftrightarrow{CD} \overleftrightarrow{EF}
3. Name four planes.	* plane ABG (top of cube) plane BCD (shaded side) plane EFD (bottom of cube) plane M (very bottom)

4. How many points are needed to make a line? 2	5. How many points are on a line? infinite
6. How many points are needed to make a plane? 3 non collinear	7. How many points are on a plane? infinite

Draw and label a figure for each relationship.

8. Line k does not intersect with plane M 	9. Line t intersects plane K at point S . 	10. Planes R and K intersect in line MN .
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CHALLENGE! Graph the inequality on a number line. Tell whether the graph is a segment, a ray, a point, or a line.

11. $x \leq 3$ Ray	12. $-7 \leq x \leq 4$ Segment
13. $x \geq 1$ or $x \leq 5$ line	14. $x = 1$ point