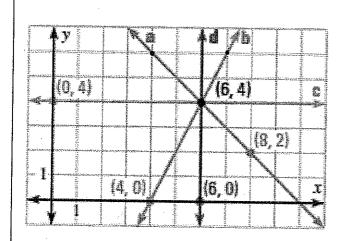
## Geometry Notes Day 1

# Name\_ Key

### 3.4 Find and Use Slopes of Lines How to find a slope:

Given points on a graph:	Given 2 ordered pairs $(x_1, y_1)$ $(x_2, y_2)$
slope = \frac{change in y}{change in x}	*just use the formula
' change in x	$m=\frac{y_1-y_2}{2}$
*just count the changes	$m = \frac{1}{x_1 - x_2}$

#### Find the slope for each of the following lines:



- 1. line a  $\frac{2}{2} = 1$  2. line b  $\frac{2}{2} = 2$
- 3. line c  $\bigcirc$
- 4. line d  $\frac{2}{3}$  = und.

Find the slope of the line that passes through each pair of points:

5. 
$$(2,1)$$
  $(8,9)$ 

$$M = \frac{9-1}{8-2} = \frac{8}{2}$$

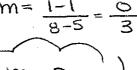
$$M = \frac{4}{3}$$

6. 
$$(-10,7)$$
  $(-20,8)$  7.  $(5,1)$   $(8,1)$ 

$$m = \frac{8-7}{-25+19} = \frac{1}{-19}$$
  $m = \frac{1-1}{19}$ 



 $M = \frac{9-1}{8-2} = \frac{8}{6}$   $M = \frac{8-7}{20+10} = \frac{1}{10}$   $M = \frac{1-1}{8-5} = \frac{0}{3}$   $M = \frac{9-1}{2-2} = \frac{8}{0}$ 



\* Yertical

8. (2,1) (2,9)

#### SUMMARY:

The ratio of Nextical change to hoxicantal change is known as slope. We use the letter \_\_\_\_\_ to represent the term slope. The slope describes the rak of change or the steepness of a line. A line rising from left to right has a <u>positive</u> slope. A line falling from left to right has a <u>negative</u> slope. All horizontal lines have \_\_\_\_slope. All vertical lines have an undefined slope.

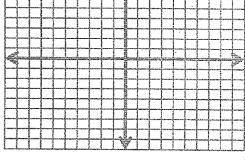
Tell which line through the given points is steeper.

Line 1: (-2, 3) and (3, 5)  $M_1 = \frac{5-3}{3+2} = \frac{2}{5}$ 11.

Line 2: (3, 1) and (6, 5)  $m_2 = \frac{5-1}{10-3} = \frac{4}{3}$ 

Line Z is steeper

Line 1: (-4, 4) and (-6, 10)  $m_1 = \frac{10-4}{-4+4} = \frac{4}{-2} = -3$ 12. Line 2: (4, 2) and (7, 8)  $m_z = \frac{6-7}{3-4} = \frac{6}{3} = 2$ 



Line lis Steeper

The Steeper Line has the slope with the greater \_ (absolute yalul

Determine the value of the missing coordinate so that a line passing through the given points would have the given slope.

 $(10,y) \quad (3,4) \quad m=-\frac{2}{7}$ 

$$\frac{y-4}{10-3} = -\frac{2}{7}$$

$$7(y-4)=7(-2)$$
  $y=2$ 

$$\ddot{\mathbf{u}} = \mathbf{u}$$

$$\frac{y=2}{15. \quad (5,3) \quad (7,y) \quad m=0}$$

$$3-y=0(-2)$$
 $y=3$ 
 $3-y=0$ 

14. 
$$(4,19)$$
  $(x,1)$   $m=6$ 

$$\frac{19-1}{4-x} = \frac{6}{1}$$

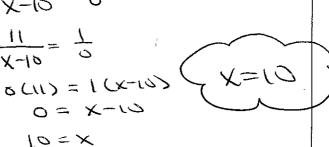
$$\frac{1}{13} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$-\omega = -\omega x$$

16. 
$$(10,-4)$$
  $(x,7)$   $m = undefined$ 

$$\frac{7+4}{x-10} = \frac{1}{0} \times$$

$$\frac{11}{X-10} = \frac{1}{0}$$



X=1